

# **Decentralised solar heat supply in DH networks**

## **Theoretical and practical aspects**

### **1st SDH Conference 2013**

**Malmö, Sweden**

9-10 April 2013

---

Dipl.-Ing. Ilyes Ben Hassine  
Centre of Sustainable Energy Technology, Stuttgart

zafh  net

## **Content**

- The DH tool *spHeat*
- The case study
- The hydraulic results
- The test bench
- Conclusions

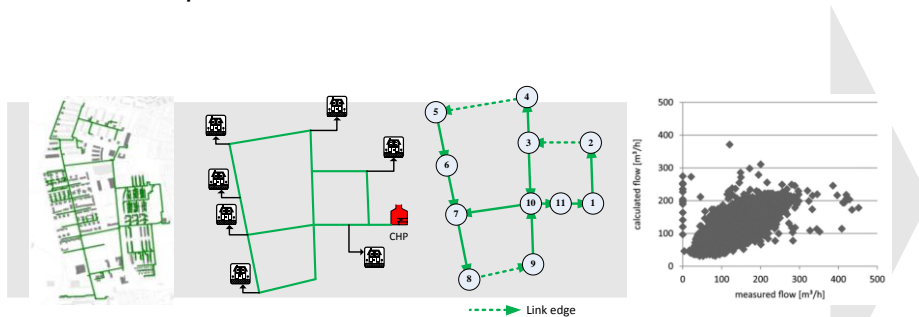
---

Dipl.-Ing. Ilyes Ben Hassine  
Centre of Sustainable Energy Technology, Stuttgart

zafh  net

## The DH tool *spHeat*

- Reduced topology
- Hydraulic calculation (conservation of energy & mass)
- Thermal calculation (temperature propagation)
- Data export



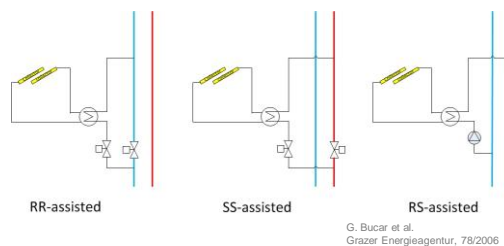
Dipl.-Ing. Ilyes Ben Hassine  
Centre of Sustainable Energy Technology, Stuttgart

zafh  net

## The DH tool *spHeat*

### Three feed-in strategies

- RR-assisted for return temperature increase
- SS-assisted for feed temperature increase
- RS-assisted as conventional heat source



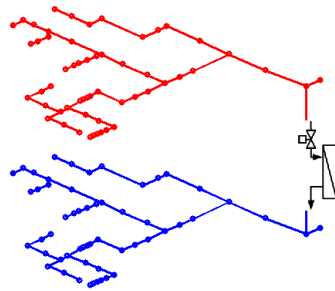
|                    | RR-assisted | SS-assisted | RS-assisted |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| solar fraction %   | 0,32        | 0,2         | 0,26        |
| solar gain kWh/m²a | 421         | 248         | 342         |
| savings €/a        | 3567        | 3084        | 2950        |

Dipl.-Ing. Ilyes Ben Hassine  
Centre of Sustainable Energy Technology, Stuttgart

zafh  net

## The DH tool *spHeat -Update*

- Non-reduced topology
- Merging feed and return sub-networks
- Consumer model (hydraulic & thermal)



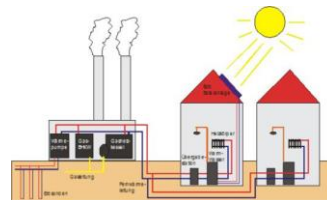
$$\Delta p = k_v \dot{V}^{nv} + k_x \dot{V}^{nx}$$

Dipl.-Ing. Ilyes Ben Hassine  
Centre of Sustainable Energy Technology, Stuttgart

zafh  net

## The case study

- Located in Sonnenberg, Germany
- CHP plant with 230/110 kW<sub>th/el</sub>
- Heat pump with geothermal field (200kW)
- Currently 24 stations
- Operating temperature 70-40°C



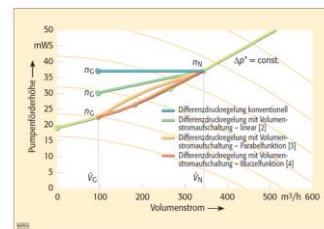
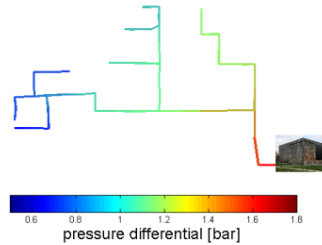
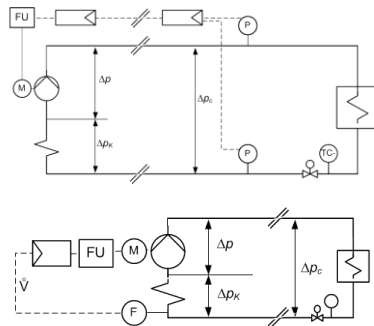
Dipl.-Ing. Ilyes Ben Hassine  
Centre of Sustainable Energy Technology, Stuttgart

zafh  net

## The hydraulic analysis I

### State of the art

- $\Delta p$  driven control
- Flow rate driven control



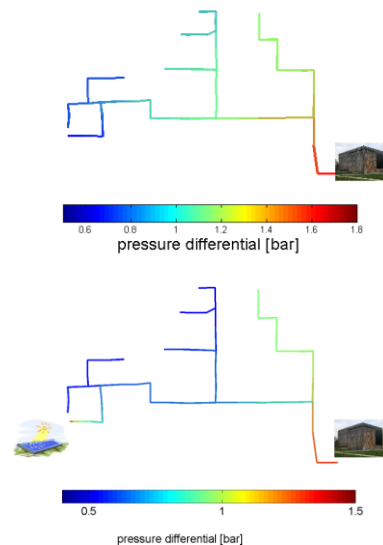
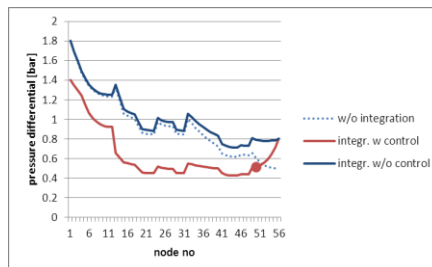
Dipl.-Ing. Ilyes Ben Hassine  
Centre of Sustainable Energy Technology, Stuttgart

zafh  net

## The hydraulic analysis II

### $\Delta p$ driven control

- Critical if integration point close to node with lowest pressure
- Risk of too low supply pressure
- Control variable highly undamped



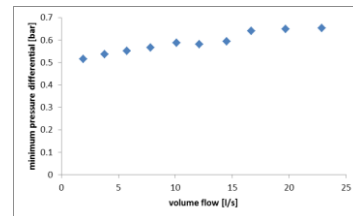
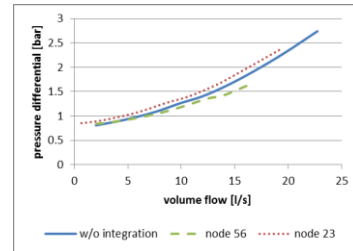
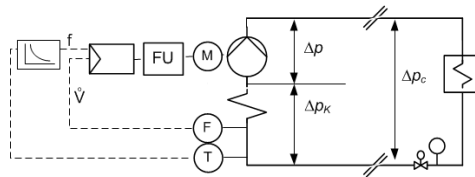
Dipl.-Ing. Ilyes Ben Hassine  
Centre of Sustainable Energy Technology, Stuttgart

zafh  net

## The hydraulic analysis III

### Flow rate driven control

- Supply characteristic curve slightly changes depending on:
  - Integration point
  - Feed-in flow rate
- Non optimised operation
- Feed-forward of return temperature

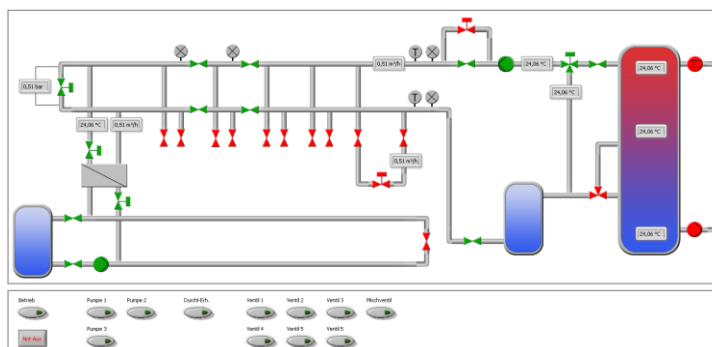


Dipl.-Ing. Ilyes Ben Hassine  
Centre of Sustainable Energy Technology, Stuttgart

zafh  net

## The test bench

- 10-15 kW stations
- *hp* up to 30m
- T up to 100°C

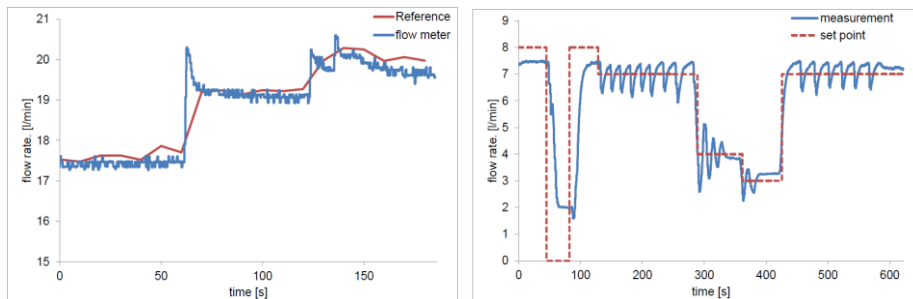


Dipl.-Ing. Ilyes Ben Hassine  
Centre of Sustainable Energy Technology, Stuttgart

zafh  net

## Test bench commissioning

- Test of components
- First non-tuned controllers



Dipl.-Ing. Ilyes Ben Hassine  
Centre of Sustainable Energy Technology, Stuttgart

zafh  net

## Conclusions

- Extended model to understand network behaviour
- Merging feed- with return lines is necessary
- Pressure differential driven control is difficult to realise
- Volume flow driven control is not optimal
- Running work on combined flow & return-T driven control
- New test bench for decentralised integration layouts
- Focus on control issues
- First commissioning steps done
- Station design is running

Dipl.-Ing. Ilyes Ben Hassine  
Centre of Sustainable Energy Technology, Stuttgart

zafh  net